How will we market licensed products?



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Creating Desire for Microbicides Workshop Crystal City, May 14th, 2014

Models and Key Opinion Leaders

- Sexual lubricants? Sex toys?
- Contraceptive Technology?
- Vaginal microbicides?
- Other consumer products?
- Reaching prescribers
- Reaching consumers
- Reaching insurers
- Creating community demand



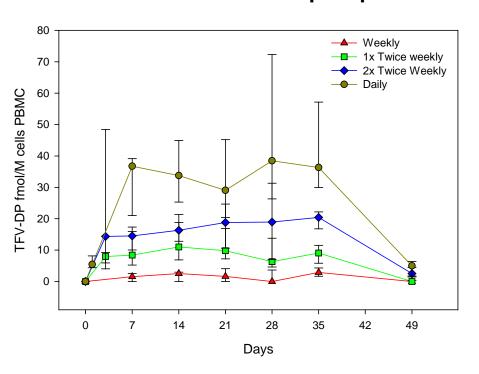
Context and Pharmacology Matter

- What is the efficacy of topical agent compared to oral (and injectable) PrEP?
- Is a single dose just before sex sufficient for protection, or is there a need for a post-exposure dose, or are loading doses needed?
- If person has anal sex sufficiently often can loading doses be skipped?
- If person has less frequent sex, is oral priming at a certain frequency optimal for protection?

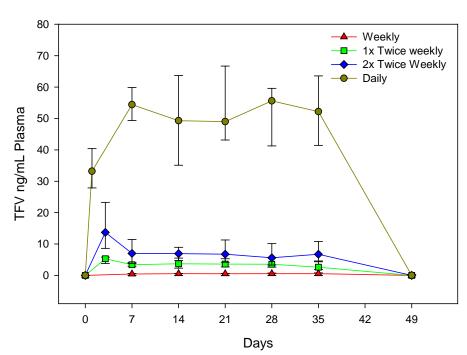
Tenofovir PBMC v. Plasma (HPTN 066)

(Hendrix C et al, CROI, 2014)

PBMC Tenofovir diphosphate



Plasma Tenofovir









Crazy Girl Anal Desensitizing Gel

- A Diva's Secret for Ease of Anal Intimacy! Formulated with Benzocaine...A safe & effective desensitizer to assist in relaxing the anal sphincter. Also contains Aloe Vera leaf juice skin soothing/moisturizing agent. Take Sexuality to Bold, New Levels. Allows for a more pleasurable penetration during intimacy. Place a small amount of product to anal area. Gel formula absorbs faster than creams...less chance of product transfer to partner. Intended for use with a personal lubricant if used during intimacy
- Paraben-Free
- Sugar-Free
- Sulfate-Free
- Water-Soluble
- Greaseless
- Non-Staining
- Adult Toy & Latex Friendly
- pH Balanced for the Feminine Well-Being
- Made in USA
- No Animal Testing



A Pill for HIV Prevention: Déjà Vu All Over Again?

Julie E. Myers^{1,2} and Kent A. Sepkowitz³

¹Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention and Control, New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, ²Division of Infectious Diseases, Department of Medicine, Columbia University Medical Center, and ³Infectious Disease Service, Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, New York

- OCP FDA approved: 1960
- 3.8 million users by 1965
- Private and federal subsidies → ↓ disparities
- Pharma: "detail men" for provider
- Media campaign → informed consumers
- Changed social norms, topic of discussion
- 82% of US women have, or will, use hormonal contraception at some time

Hormonal contraception and anti-HIV chemoprophylaxis

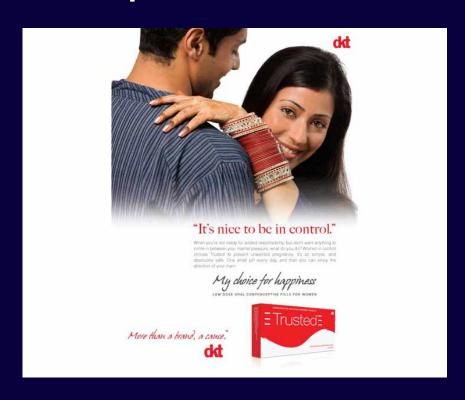
- Cost (OCP <\$80/mo)</p>
- Concerns about selection for resistance
- Less than 100% efficacy
- Toxicity concerns may be moderated by new knowledge, e.g. lower dose, different delivery system (i.e. topical)
- Risk compensation concerns raised for both
- Homophobia, HIV stigma vs. misogyny

Marketing Approaches

It's Medicine, but for intimacy



It's relational, but also about personal control

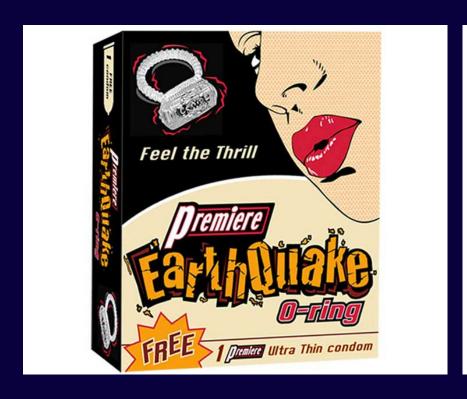


Marketing Approaches

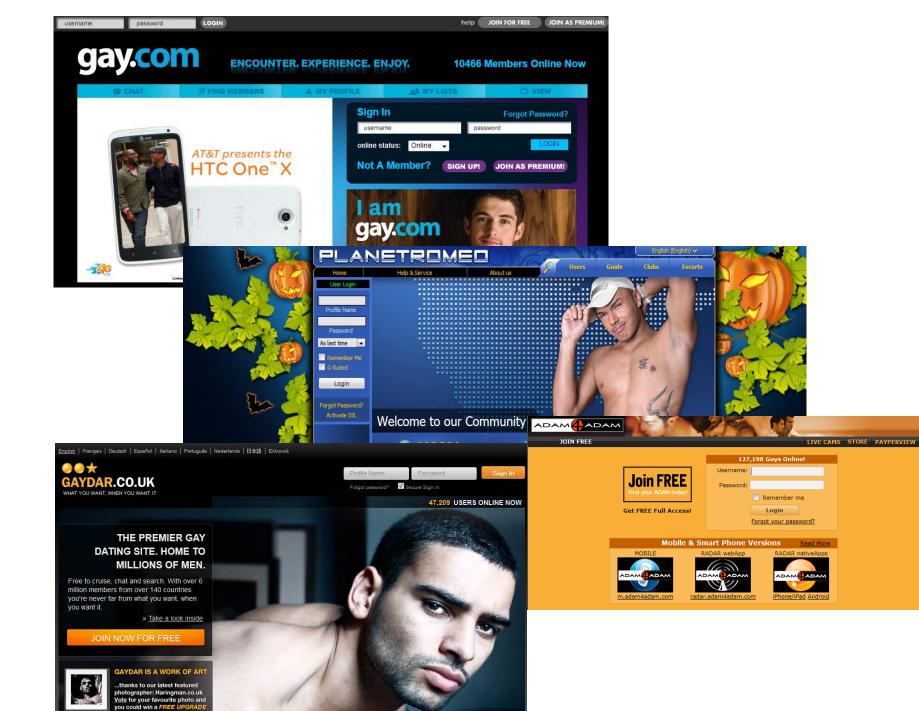
Symbolic: The earth

moves

Get to the point: It's about sex







Many MSM websites host Health Ed content











PrEP Attitudes and Uptake

- Manhunt survey pre/post iPrEX
 - -4,825 MSM:46 states and 5 Canadian provinces
 - -Less than 20% heard of PrEP
 - -Less than 1% had used PrEP
 - -Majority were interested, depending.....
- Massachusetts MD survey post-CAPRISA
 - -Most had heard of CAPRISA 004
 - -Some knew that PrEP studies were underway
 - -Many concerns about risk compensation, resistance, cost

Krakower et al, PLoS ONE, 2012; White et al, AIDS Pt Care and STDs, 2012

Proportion of PrEP Users by State of Residence

(MH PrEP Survey, Mayer et al, CROI 2014)



Proportion of reponders; darker shades of green indicate a higher proportion of participants. Not pictured: Alaska (0.2%) and Hawaii (0.6%)

N=9,179 1.2% had used PrEP

Circles indicate locations where PrEP use was reported and number of participants reporting PrEP use in that location

Factors Associated with PrEP Use among US MSM

Multivariable Model, Manhunt Survey, CROI, 2014

Characteristic	Multivariable OR (95% CI)
College graduate or above (vs. less	5.33
than college education)	(1.25 to 22.7)
Ever diagnesed with an CTI	2.74
Ever diagnosed with an STI	(1.36 to 5.52)
Used PEP	16.0
USEU FLF	(8.24 to 31.2)
Comfortable talking with provider	4.19
about MSM sex	(1.51 to 11.6)

To implement PrEP successfully, it will be essential to engage practicing clinicians







Review

Annals of Internal Medicine

www.annals.org

What Primary Care Providers Need to Know About Preexposure Prophylaxis for HIV Prevention

A Narrative Review

Douglas Krakower, MD, and Kenneth H. Mayer, MD

As HIV prevalence climbs globally, including more than 50 000 new infections per year in the United States, we need more effective HIV prevention strategies. The use of antiretrovirals for preexposure prophylaxis (PrEP) among high-risk persons without HIV is emerging as one such strategy. Randomized, controlled trials have demonstrated that once-daily oral PrEP decreased HIV incidence among at-risk men who have sex with men and African heterosexuals, including serodiscordant couples. An additional randomized, controlled trial of a topical pericoital antiretroviral microbicide gel decreased HIV incidence among at-risk heterosexual South African women. Two other studies in African women did not demonstrate the efficacy of oral or topical PrEP, raising concerns about adherence patterns and efficacy in this population.

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Antiviral Drugs Advisory Committee reviewed these studies and additional data in May 2012 and voted to advise the approval of oral tenofovir emtricitabine for PrEP in high-risk populations. On 16 July 2012, the FDA recommended that this combination medication be approved for use as PrEP in high-risk persons without HIV. Patients may seek PrEP from their primary care providers, and those receiving PrEP require monitoring. Thus, primary care providers should become familiar with PrEP. This review outlines current knowledge about PrEP as it pertains to primary care, including identifying persons likely to benefit from PrEP; counseling to maximize adherence and reduce potential increases in risky behavior; and monitoring for potential drug toxicities, HIV acquisition, and antiretroviral drug resistance. Issues related to cost and insurance coverage are also discussed. Recent data suggest that PrEP, combined with other prevention strategies, holds promise in helping to curtail the HIV epidemic.

Ann Intem Med. 2012;157:490-497.
For author affiliations, see end of text.
This article was published on www.annals.org on 22 July 2012.

Purview paradox

Krakower et al, Boston physician focus groups

Practical issue number one is that the people who are going to be prescribing these drugs in theory, who are going to be in the best position, are going to be primary care providers with little or no HIV experience.

-Male, Hospital-based

I think that the idea of adding to what I just did this morning and adding a discussion with my patients about what is their likelihood of having sexual encounters with patients who are HIV-infected, and then on top of that trying to prescribe and get approved medication like Truvada or some other preexposure prophylaxis... I just can't imagine it working in the hands of a primary care doctor.

-Female, Hospital-based

A tool for risk-stratifying MSM: CDC risk index ("HIRI-MSM")

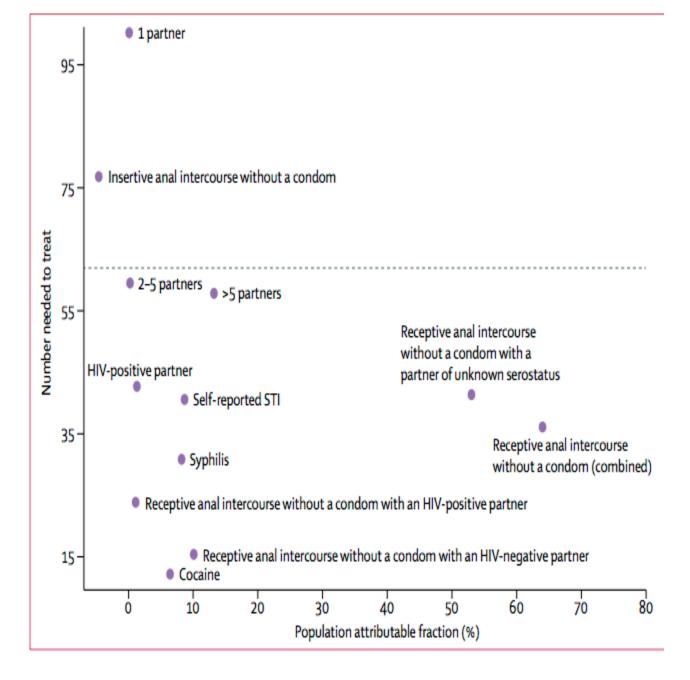
"In the past (year) have you had sex?"

"With men, women, or both?"

Score < 9: standard prevention Score ≥ 10: consider PrEP



	HIRI-MSM Risk Index*				
1	How old are you	<18 years	score 0		
	today (yrs)?	18-28 years	score 8		
		29-40 years	score 5		
		41-48 years	score 2		
		≥49 years	score 0		
2	How many men have you had sex with in the last 6 months?	>10 male partners	score 7		
		6-10 male partners	score 4		
		0-5 male partners	score 0		
3	In the last 6 months,	1 or more times	score 10		
	how many times did you have receptive anal sex (you were the bottom) with a man?	0 times	score 0		
4		>1 positive partner	score 8		
	sex partners were	1 positive partner	score 4		
	HIV positive?	<1 positive partner	score 0		
5	In the last 6 months,	5 or more times	score 6		
how many times did you have insertive anal sex (you were the top) with a man who was HIV positive?	0 times	score 0			
6	In the last 6 months, have	Yes	score 5		
	you used methamphetamines such as crystal or speed?	No	score 0		
7	In the last 6 months,	Yes	score 3		
	have you used poppers (amyl nitrate)?	No	score 0		
		Add down entries in right column to calculate total score	Total score†		



Buchbinder, et al., Lancet ID, 2014

Thank You

Fenway Clinical, Epidemiological and Behavioral Research Teams Fenway Medical Department

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